2° 4 3 m 6 m m 6 m			
	विष्णु ६. मधुसूदन ७. त्रिविक्रम ८. वामन ९. श्रीधर १०. हृषीकेशा ११. पद्मनाभ १२. दामोदर १३. १७. पुरुषोत्तम १८. अधोक्षज १९. नरसिंह २०. अच्युत २१. जनार्धन २२. उपेन्द्र २३. हिर २४. श्रीकृष्ण		
प्रसन्नवदनं ध्यायेत् सर्व विघ्नो पशान्तये ॥	1: Who is wearing white clothes, Who is all-pervading, Who is bright in appearance like the moon and Who is having four hands, 2: Who is having a compassionate and gracious face, Let us meditate on Him to ward off all the obstacles.		
निर्विघ्नं कुरु मे देव सर्वेकार्येषु सर्वदा ॥	(Salutations to Sri Ganesha) Who has a curved trunk, Who has a large body and Whose splendour is similar to million Suns; 2: O Deva, Please make my undertakings free of obstacles, by extending your blessings in all my works, always.		
कविं कवीनामुपमश्रवस्तमम् । ज्येष्ठराजं ब्रह्मणाम् ब्रह्मणस्पत आ नः शृण्वन्नृतिभिःसीदसादनम् ॥ ॐ महागणाधिपतये नमः ॥	1: Om, O Ganapati, to you who is the Lord of the Ganas (celestial attendants/followers), we offer our sacrificial oblations. 2) You are the wisdom of the wise and the uppermost in glory, 3: You are the eldest lord (i.e. ever unborn) and is of the nature of Brahman (Absolute consciousness); You are the embodiment of the sacred Pranava (Om), 4: Plea -se come to us by listening to our prayers and be present in the seat of this sacred sacrifi -cial altar. 5: Om, our prostrations to the महागणाधिपतये (the great Lord of the Ganas).		
कपित्थजम्बूफलसार भक्षितम् । उमासुतं शोकविनाशकारणं नमामि विघ्नेश्वर पादपङ्कजम् ॥	1: One who is having the face of an elephant, One who is served by the Bhutaganas (celestial attendants) & others 2: By whom is partaken the juice of Kapittha (wood-apple) and Jambu (rose-apple) fruits (offered by the devotees); 3: Who is the son of Devi Uma (Devi Parvati), and the cause of the destruction of sorrows, 4: I reverentially salute the Lotus-feet of that Vighneshwara (the Lord who removes the obstacles).		
विद्यारम्भं करिष्यामि सिद्धिर्भवतु मे सदा ॥	O Goddess Saraswati, I bow down humbly before you, the bestower of all wishes; As I commence my studies, may there be success for ever.		
या वीणां वर देण्ड मण्डितकरा या श्वेत पद्मासना ॥ या ब्रह्माच्युत सङ्कर प्रभृतिभिः देवैः सदा वन्दिता । सा मां पातु सरस्वती भगवती निःशेष जाड्यापहा॥	Oh Goddess Saraswati, pure and radiant as the full moon and frost, wearing a garland of jasmine flowers, in your white robes, seated on lotus throne; with the veena on your lap; O one who is worshiped by Brahma, Vishnu and Maheswara (Shiva), may you bless and protect me and remove the laziness and sloth in me.		
हर्रि: सर्व शरीरस्थो भोक्ते भुज्यते हरी:	Lord Hari is the Giver. Lord Hari is the enjoyer. Hari is the food and the Creator. He, while residing in all beings, is the one who feeds himself as well as the body.		
ब्रह्मैव तेन गन्तव्यं ब्रह्मकर्मसमाधिना ॥`	The act of offering is God, the oblation is God. By God it is offered into the fire of God. God is that which is to be attained by him who performs action pertaining to God.		
नेन्दगोप कुमाराय गोविन्दाय नमो नमः ॥	Salutations to Sri Krishna who is the son and the joy of father Vasudeva and mother Devaki, Salutations to Him who is the boy of cowherd Nanda and Who is Himself the Lord Govinda; Salutations, Salutations to Him again and again.		
सहस्रनाम तत्तुल्यं रामनाम वरानने ॥	1: By meditating on "Rama Rama Rama" (the name of Rama), my mind gets absorbed in the divine consciousness of Rama, which is transcendental, 2: The name of Rama is as great as the thousand names of God (Vishnu Sahasranama).		
शान्ताकारं भुजगशयनं पद्मनाभं सुरेशं विश्वाधारं गगनसदृशं मेघवणं शुभाङ्गम् । लक्ष्मीकान्तं कमलनयनं योगिभिध्यानगम्यं वन्दे विष्णुं भवभयहरं सर्वलोकैकनाथम् ॥ (I meditate upon Vishnu) Who has a serene appearance; Who is lying on (the bed of) serpent (Ananta or Adisesha, representing the eternal Primal Energy (Mula Prakriti)); From whose navel is springing up a lotus (the source of all creations through Brahma); and Who is the Lord of the Devas, 2: Who is the substratum of the whole universe (as consciousness); and (boundless and infinite) like the sky; with a form bluish in colour like the cloud, which is radiating auspiciousness 3: Who is the beloved of Devi Lakshmi with eyes beautiful like lotus petals; Who is attainable by the yogis only through meditation, 4: I Worship that all-pervading Vishnu who removes the fear of worldly existence (by making us realize that we are not isolated beings internally but are eternally connected to Him); I worship that Vishnu who is the one Lord of all the Lokas.			
वसुदेव सुतं देवं कंस चाणूर मर्दनम् । देवकी परमानन्दं कृष्णं वन्दे जगद्गुरुम् ॥	I offer my obeisance's to Lord Kṛṣṇa, the beloved son of Vasudeva, who killed the great demons Kaṁsa and Cāṇūra, who is the source of great joy to Mother Devakī; and who is indeed a world teacher and spiritual master of the universe.		
कायेन वाचा मनसेन्द्रियैर्वा । बुद्ध्यात्मना वा प्रकृतिस्वभावात् । करोमि यद्युत्सकलं परस्मै ।	(Whatever I do) with my Body, Speech, Mind or Sense Organs, (Whatever I do) using my Intellect, Feelings of Heart or (unconsciously) through the natural tendencies of my Mind, Whatever I do, I do all for others (i.e. without the sense of attachment to the results), (And) I Surrender them all at the Lotus Feet of the Supreme Lord.		
शङ्खचक्रगदाहस्ते महालक्ष्मि नमोऽस्तुते ॥	1: I worshipfully salute Devi Mahalakshmi, who is the Mahamaya (the Primordial cause of creation); And who is worshipped in Sri Pitha (Her abode) by the Suras. 2. Who is adorned in Her beautiful form with Shankha (Conch), Chakra (Disc) and Gada (Mace) in her hands; I worshipfully salute Devi Mahalakshmi.		
नमो मोक्षप्रदे देवि नमः सम्पत्प्रदायिके ॥२॥	(Salutations to Devi Tulasi) Who brings goodness in life, Salutations to Devi Tulasi who is the beloved of Sri Vishnu and who is auspicious, Salutations to Devi Tulasi who grants liberation, and Salutations to Devi Tulasi who bestows prosperity.		
ॐ त्र्यंबकं यजामहे सुगन्धे पुष्टिवधनम् । उविरुक्तिनेव बन्धनान् मृत्योर् मुक्षीय माऽमृतात् ॥ [Recite this mantra (3 to 108 times) early morning] त्रि + अम्बकम् = tri + ambakam = three + eye यजामहे = in yagya in worship, सुगन्धिम्= to fragrance, पुष्टि= nourishment, sustenance वर्धनम् = increasing, flourishing पुष्टि-वर्धनम् = nourishment-increasing उविरुक्तिमव = cucumber as. uru: big, large; ārukam: peach; iva: as, बन्धनान् bandhanān = "from bondage (i.e. from the stem of cucumber); read with urvārukam iva, it means 'as cucumber from bondage (of vine) (to a vine)' मृत्योः + मुक्षीय = mṛtyoḥ + mukṣīya= from death + free माऽमृतात् = by amrita, by immortality.			
नमस्ते रुद्र मन्यव उतोत इषवे नम:। नमस्ते अस्तु धन्वने बाहुभ्यामुत ते नम:।	रुद्र- Parameswara! ते- your, मन्यवे- to anger, नमः- prostration. उतो -Further, ते-your, इषवे- to the arrow, नमः - prostration, ते- your, धन्वने- to the bow, नमः अस्तु- may my prostration be. उत- Further, ते- your, बाहुभ्यां- to the two arms, नमः- prostration.		

करचरणकृतं वाक् कायजं कर्मजं वा । श्रवणनयनजं वा मानसंवापराधं । विहितं विहितं वा सर्व मेतत् क्षमस्व । जय जय करुणाब्धे श्री **महादेव शम्भो** ॥ Whatever sins have been committed by actions performed by my hands and feet, produced by my speech and body, or my works, produced by my ears and eyes, or sins committed by my mind, while performing actions which are prescribed (duties in one's station of life), as well as all other actions which are not explicitly prescribed (i.e. actions done by self-judgement, by habit, without much thinking, unknowingly, etc.), please forgive them all. Victory, victory to you, O Sri Mahadeva Shambho, I surrender to you! You are an ocean of compassion. सर्वमङ्गलमाङ्गल्ये शिवे सर्वार्थसाधिके । शरण्ये त्र्यम्बके गौरि **नारायणि** नमोऽस्तु ते ॥ (Salutations to You O Narayani) Who is the auspiciousness in all the auspicious, auspiciousness herself, complete with all the auspicious attributes, and who fulfills all the objectives of the devotees (Dharma, Artha, Kama and Moksha), who is the giver of refuge, with three eyes and a shining face. या देवी सर्वभृतेषु स्मृतिरूपेण संस्थिता । To that Devi who in all beings is abiding in the form of memory, नमस्तस्यै नमस्तस्यै नमस्तस्यै नमो नमः॥ Salutations to Her, Salutations to Her, Salutations to Her, Salutations again & again. कराग्रे वसते लक्ष्मिः करमध्ये सरस्वति । 1: At the top of the hand dwells Devi Lakshmi and at the middle of the hand dwells Devi करमुले तु गौरी प्रभाते करदर्शनम ॥ Saraswati, 2: At the base of the hand dwells Gowri; Therefore one should look at one's hands in the early morning and contemplate on them. मनोजवं **मारुत**तुल्यवेगं । जितेन्द्रियं बुद्धिमतां वरिष्ठं । वातात्मजं वानरयूथमुख्यं । श्रीरामदुतं शरणं प्रपद्ये । (I take Refuge in Sri Hanuman) Who is swift as the mind and fast as the wind, who is the master of the senses, and honoured for His excellent intelligence, learning and wisdom, who is son of the wind God and chief among the Vanaras (Devas incarnated in the species of the monkeys to serve Sri Rama during His incarnation), to that messenger of Sri Rama, I take refuge (by prostrating before him). बुद्धि - intelligence, बलम् - strength, यश् - fame, धैर्यम् - courage, निर्भयत्वम्- fearlessness, बुद्धिर बलम यशो धैर्यम निर्भयत्वम अरोगताम। अजाड्यम् वाक् पटुत्वम् च **हनुमत्** स्मरणात् अरोगताम् - disease-free health, अजाड्यम् - Free from Laziness, वाक् पटुत्वम् - articulate speech, will all last forever (भवेत्,) if you meditate (स्मरणात्) on Lord Hanuman. अतुलितबलधामं हेमशैलाभदेहं (I Salute Sri Hanuman) Who is an Abode of Unparallel Power, and Whose Huge Body is दन्जवनकृशानुं ज्ञानिनामग्रगण्यम् । like a Golden Mountain, Who is like a raging Fire over the Forest of Demons, and सकलगणनिधानं वानराणामधीशं the Foremost among the Jnanis (the Wise ones), Who is a Storehouse of All Good **रघुपतिप्रियभक्तं** वातात्मजं नमामि ॥ Qualities and the Master of the Monkeys, Who is a Dear Devotee of Raghupati (Sri Rama) and the Son of Vayudeva; I Salute Sri Hanuman. **अन्नपूर्णे** सदापूर्णे शङ्करप्राणवल्लभे । 1: Mother Annapoorna, you who are always full (with the gift of food and blessings), you ज्ञानवैराग्यसिद्ध्यर्थं भिंक्षां देहि च पार्वति ॥ who is the beloved of Shankara, 2: O Parvati, please grant me the alms of your grace, to awaken in me, spiritual knowledge and dispassion towards worldly desires. ज्ञानानन्दमयं देवं निर्मल स्फटिकाकृतिम I worship Lord Hayagreeya, who is the very form of knowledge, pure as a crystal, and आधारं सर्व विद्यानां **हयग्रीवं** उपास्महे ॥ who is the support of all knowledge ॐ नमो भगवते **वासुदेवाय धन्वन्तरये** We pray to the God, who is known as Sudarshana Vasudey Dhanyantari. He holds the अमृतकलश हस्ताय सर्व भय विनासाया सर्व रोका Kalasha full of nectar of immortality. Lord Dhanvantri removes all fears and removes all निवारानाया त्रैलोक्यनाथाय ॐ श्री महाविष्णवे diseases. He is the well-wisher and the preserver of the three worlds. Dhanvantari is like Lord Vishnu, empowered to heal the Jiva. We bow to the Lord (of Ayurveda). नमः॥ शरीरे जर्जरी भूते व्याधिग्रस्ते कलेबरे When all vital life forces leave the body, when the whole being is seized by incurable औषधं जाह्नवीतोयं वैद्यो **नारायणो** हरिः ॥ diseases, what medicine is there, than river gangA(Jahnavi), who else but Lord nArAyaNA, Hari, would come as physician! पुज्याय **राघवेन्द्राय** सत्यधर्मरताय च । The worship of Sri Raghavendraswamy, who is the embodiment of Sathya and Dharma (truth and righteousness), bestows whatever boon one aspires like Kalpavruksha, the भजतां कल्पवृक्षाय नमतां कामधेनवे ॥ celestial tree, and Kamadhenu, the celestial cow. ॐ भद्रं कर्णेभिः शृणुयाम **देवा** भद्रं 1: O Devas, may we hear with our ears what is auspicious, 2: O (Devas who are) worthy of worship, may we see with our eyes what is auspicious, 3: With (sense) organs steady पश्येमाक्षभिर्यजत्राः । and body praying (due to Hearing and Seeing the Auspicious) 4: May we attain the स्थिरैरङ्गेस्तुष्ट्वांसस्तन्भिर्व्यशेम देवहितं यदायुः॥ lifespan allotted by the Devas (thus finding fulfillment in our lives). ॐ शुभं कुरुत्वं कल्याणं आरोग्यं धनसंपदः। (Salutations to the Light of the Lamp) Which brings auspiciousness, health and शत्रबुद्धिविनाशाय दीपज्योतिनमोऽस्तु ते ॥ prosperity, Which destroys inimical feelings; Salutations to the light of the lamp. दीपज्योतिः परब्रह्म दीपज्योति जनार्दनः । The light of the lamp represents the Supreme Brahman, the light of the lamp represents दीपो हरत् मे पापं संध्यादीप नमोऽस्तु ते ॥ Janardhana (Sri Vishnu), Let the light of the lamp remove my sins; Salutations! रामस्कंदं हनूमंतं वैनतेयं वृकोदरम् । When I pray to Lords Rama, Skanda , Hanumantha, Vainateya and Mahabharatha's शयने यस्मरेनित्यं दःस्वप्नं तस्यनश्यति ॥ Vrukodara (Bhima), before going to bed daily, all the bad dreams will vanish. अच्युतं केशवं विष्णुं हरिं सत्यं जनार्धनं । When you do japa of Achyutha, Kesaya, Vishnu, Hari, Sathya and Janardhana, हंसं नारायणं कृष्णं जिपत दुःस्वप्नं शान्तयेतः॥ Hamsa, Narayana and Krishna, bad dreams become peaceful. गङ्गेच यमुने चैव गोदावरी सरस्वति । O Holy Rivers Ganga and Yamuna, and also Godavari, Saraswati, Narmada, Sindhu and नर्मदा सिन्धु कावेरी **जलेऽ**स्मिन् संनिधिं कुरु ॥ Kaveri; Please be present in this water near me (and make it Holy). 🕉 सह नाववत् । सह नौ भुनक्तु । सह वीर्यं करवावहै । तेजस्वि नावधीतमस्त मा विद्विषावहै । ॐ **शान्तिः** शान्तिः ॥ 1: Om, May God protect us both (the teacher and the student) (during the journey of awakening our knowledge), 2: May God nourish us both (with that knowledge which nourishes life when awakened), 3: May we work together with energy and vigour (cleansing ourselves with that flow of energy for the knowledge to manifest), 4: May our study be enlightening (taking us towards the true essence underlying everything), and not giving rise to hostility (by constricting the understanding of the essence in a particular manifestation only), 5: Om, Peace, Peace, Peace! ॐ यदक्षरपदभ्रष्टं मात्राहीनं त यदं भवेत। तत Whenever any letter, phrase or phonetics are corrupted (in my pronunciation of सर्वं क्षम्यतां देव नारायण नमोस्तृते॥ विसर्ग mantras). I pray to you, O Lord Narayana, to please forgive all those! बिन्दमात्राणि पदपादाक्षराणि च। न्यूनानि I pay my obeisance to thee, please forgive me for the error in visarga (: sound), bindu (n चार्तिरिक्तानि क्षमस्व पुरुषोत्तम॥ ॲपराध sound) or intonation of alphabet, including words and composite words. Please forgive सहस्राणि क्रियन्तेऽहर्निशं मया। दासोऽयमिति मां the grammatical rules as well.

मत्वा क्षमस्व माधव। अन्यथा शरणं नास्ति त्वमेव

शरणं मम् । तुस्मात् कारुण्य भावेन रक्ष रक्ष	make thousand mistakes without my knowledge every minute. I am a mere servant of		
केशव ॐ शान्ति शान्तिः	yours. Please forgive me.		
	There is no other refuge for me, except you; therefore, O Lord with compassion, protect me. Protect me, Keshava! Om Peace, Peace, Peace		
अच्युतं केशवं रामनारायणं कृष्णदामोदरं वासुदेवं ही	रेम् । श्रीधरं माधवं गोपिकावल्लभं जानकीनायकं रामचंद्रं भजे ॥		
I praise Shri Hari through the different name	es achutam, keshavam		
1. 상 내계식 데다 (One who is friendly to all)	2. ॐ रवये नमः। (The radiant one) 3. ॐ सूर्याय नमः। (The dispeller of darkness, one ानवे नमः। (One who illuminates) 5. ॐ खगाय नमः। (One who is all-pervading, one who		
moves through the sky) 6. ॐ पूष्णे नमः। (Giv	ver of nourishment, fulfillment and strength) 7. ॐ हिरण्यगभीय नमः। (One who has a		
golden colored brilliance) ८. ॐ मरीचर्य नमः।	(Giver of light with infinite rays) 9. ॐ आदित्याय नमः। (The son of Aditi, the cosmic		
divine mother) 10. ॐ सावत्र नमः। (One who	is responsible for life) 11. ॐ अर्काय नमः। (One who is worthy of praise and glory) cosmic illumination) 13.ॐ श्री सवित्रसूर्यनारायणाय नमः।		
ॐ भर्भवः स्वः	1: Om, (that divine illumination/sound which pervades the) Bhu loka (physical plane,		
[ॐ मूहः ॐ जनः ॐ तपः ॐ सत्यम्]	consciousness of the physical plane),Bhuvar loka (life force, consciousness of the		
तत्स्वितु वरेण्यं ।	prana) and Swar Loka (the soul/spiritual realm, heaven, consciousness of the divine		
भर्गों देवस्य धीमहि धियो यो नः प्रचोदयात् ॥	mind), 2: Mahar, Janar, tapo, satyam are other higher planes of consciosness 3: On that(tat) Savitur (divine illumination/the Sun) which is the most adorable		
अंपो ज्योती रसोऽमृतं ब्रह्म भूर्भुवः स्वरोम् ॥]	(Varenyam), 4 and which is of the nature of divine (Devasya) effulgence (Bhargo), I		
Parts written within [] are recited along	meditate(dhimahi), 5: May this(yo) divine intelligence (Dhiyah) awaken/ inspire		
with the rest of the shloka while doing	(Pracodyat) our(nah) (spiritual consciousness). 6: Apah (All-Pervading), Jyoti (Divine		
pranayama.	Effulgence), Rasa (Divine Essence), Amritam (Immortal and Nectar-like Blissful), Brahma (Sacchidananda Brahman) (has manifested in grosser forms as) Bhu Loka,		
	Bhuvar Loka and Swar Loka (but which is) Om (in essence).		
योगेन चित्तस्य पदेन वाचां ।	1: (I bow down to him who purifies the impurities) of the Mind (by removing the		
मलं शरीरस्य च वैद्यकेन ॥ योऽपाकरोत्तमं प्रवरं मुनीनां ।	Chitta Vrittis) by Yoga, (who purifies the expression of) Speech by Pada (Grammar) 2: and (who purifies the) impurities of the body through Vaidya (medical science),		
पतञ्जलिं प्राञ्जलिरानतोऽस्मि ॥	3: He who is an expert in removing (the impurities of the Body, Mind and Speech), to		
	that most excellent of Munis, 4: (Who is) Patanjali, I bow down with folded hands.		
वन्दे गुरूणां चरणारविन्दे सन्दर्शित स्वात्म सुखावबोधे ।	I bow to the lotus feet of the Supreme Guru which awaken insight into the happiness of pure Being, which are the refuge, the jungle physician, which eliminate the		
्रिखायबाय । निःश्रेयसे जाङलिकायमाने संसर हालाहल	delusion caused by the poison of Samsara.		
मोहशान्त्यै ॥	I prostrate before the sage Patanjali who has thousands of radiant, white heads (as the		
आबाहु पुरुशाकारं शंन्खचक्रासि धारिणम् ।	divine serpent, Ananta) and who has, as far as his arms, assumed the form of a man		
सहस्र शिॅर्समं श्वेतमं प्रणमामि पतञ्जलिम् ॥	holding a conch shell (divine sound), a wheel (discus of light or infinite time) and a sword (discrimination).		
ॐ प्राणस्येदं वशे सर्वं त्रिदिवॆ यत् प्रतिष्ठितं ।	With the help of 'Prana' – the 'vital force' we can conquer all that is in existence in this		
मातेव पुत्रान् रक्षस्व श्रीश्च प्रज्ञाश्च विदेहिन इति ॥	three worlds. May that prana, protect us like the mother who protects her child; May		
त्वमेव माता च पिता त्वमेव, त्वमेव बन्धुश्च सखा त्वमेव।	that prana grant us wealth (knowledge) & wisdom (intellect). (Oh Guru!) You are my mother and father; you are my brother and companion; you		
त्वमेव विद्या द्रविणं त्वमेव। त्वमेव सर्वें मम देव देव ॥	alone are knowledge and wealth. O Lord, you are everything to me.		
गुरुर्ब्रह्मा गुरुर्विष्णु गुरुदेवो महेश्वरः। गुरु साक्षात परब्र			
ध्यानमूलं गुरु मूर्तिः। पूजामूलं गुरुर्पदम् । प्रत्यालं गुरुर्वात्यं । प्राथालं गुरुर्वाता ॥	The root of meditation is the form of the Guru. The root of worship is the feet of the Guru. The root of mantra is the word of the Guru, The root of liberation is the Grace		
मन्त्रमूलं गुरुविक्यं मोक्षमूलं गुरूकृपा ॥	of the Guru.		
अनेकजन्मसंप्राप्त कर्मूबन्धविदाहिने ।	Salutation to the noble Guru, who by bestowing the knowledge of the Self burns up		
आत्मज्ञानप्रदानेन तस्मै श्री गुर वे नमः ॥	the bondage created by accumulated actions of innumerable births.		
ॐ अखण्डमण्डलाकारं व्याप्तं येन चराचरम् तत्पदं दर्शितं येन तस्मै श्रीगुरवे नमः	Lord he whose form is one whole which is indivisible present everywhere, pervades both moving (living) & non-moving (non-living) manifestation.		
MARK RING TIMES MIGNET IN	Guru, he who has seen the feet of such Lord (he who has experienced Oneness with		
	the ultimate), Salutations, O blessed One!		
काले वर्षन्तु पर्जन्यः पृथिवी शस्यशालिनी । देशोयं क्षोभरहिताः ब्राह्मणाः संतु निर्भयः ॥	Let the rains shower in time, let the earth brim with food grains, let this country be full of auspiciousness and be free from agitation and affliction, let the righteous		
दिशाय बामराहरातः आसम्याः राषु हाराननः ॥ 	people be free from fear.		
दुर्जन्ः सज्ज्नो भूयात् सज्जनः शान्तिमाप्नुयात्।	May the wicked become virtuous; may the virtuous attain peace; may the peaceful get		
शान्तो मुच्येत बन्धेभ्यो मुक्तश्चान्यान् विमोचयेत्॥	liberated; may the free help others to gain freedom.		
ॐ स्वस्ति प्रजाभ्यः परिपालयन्ताम् । न्यायेन मार्गेण महीं महीशाः।	May there be abundance for all. May leaders wisely protect the earth.		
। गोब्राह्मणेभ्यश्शुभमुस्तु नित्यम् ।	May there always be well-being for animals and the wise.		
लोकास्समस्तार्सुखिनो भवन्तु ।।	May the entire world be joyful.		
ॐ शान्तिः शान्तिः शान्तिः ॥ काममय एवायं पुरुष इति।	OM Peace, Peace Prihadoropyaka Upopishad: Voy are what your doop, driving desire is		
काममय एवाय पुरुष इति। स यथाकामो भवति तत्क्रतुर्भवति।	Brihadaranyaka Upanishad : You are what your deep, driving desire is. As your desire is, so is your will.		
यत्क्रतुर्भवति तत्कर्म कुरुर्ते।	As your will is, so is your deed.		
यक्तर्मे कुरुते तद्भिसंपद्यते॥	As you deed is, so is your destiny.		
ॐ पूर्णमदः पूर्णमिदं पूर्णात्पुर्णमुदच्यते पर्णास्य पर्णामादास प्राप्तितावशिष्ठाते ॥	1: Om, That (outer world) is Purna (full with D ivine C onsciousness); This (inner world) is also Purna (Full with divine consciousness); From Purna comes Purna		
पूर्णस्य पूर्णमादाय पूर्णमेवावॅशिष्यते ॥ ॐ शान्तिः शान्तिः शान्तिः ॥	(From the fullness of divine consciousness the world is manifested),2: Taking Purna		
G	from Purna, Purna indeed remains (DC is Infinite). 3: Om Peace, Peace!		

ॐ सर्वे भवन्तु सुखिनः। सर्वे सन्तु निरामयाः। सर्वे भद्राणि पश्यन्तु मा कश्चिद्दुःखभाग्भवेत् । ॐ शान्तिः शान्तिः शान्तिः Om, May all become happy. May all be free from illness. May all see auspiciousness. May no one suffer. Om Peace, Peace, Peace.			
ॐ सर्वेषां स्वस्तिभेवतु सर्वेषां शान्तिभेवतु । सर्वेषां	May all become fortunate, may all attain peace,		
पूर्ण भवत् सर्वेषां मङ्गलं भवत्॥ ॐ शान्तिः (3x) ॐ असृतो मा सद्गमय तमसो मा ज्योतिर्गमय	May all achieve perfection, and may all be blessed. Om Peace, Peace, Peace. O Lord, lead me from the unreal to the ultimate truth, from the darkness to light, and		
मृत्योमोऽमृतं गमय । ॐ शान्तिः शान्तिः शान्तिः ॥	from the death of ignorance to the immortality of knowle	edge. Om!! Peace Peace Peace!	
मैत्री करुणा मुदितोपेक्षाणांसुखदुःख पुण्यापुण्यविषयाणां भावनातः चित्तप्रसादनम् All that is mutable in human beings (chitta) is harmonized through the cultivation of friendliness(maitri), compassion(karuna), delight (mudita) and disregard (upeksha) in situations that			
are happy, unhappy(painful), successful(virtuous) or unfortunate (wicked) respectively.			
जानामि धर्में न च में प्रवृत्ति- जीनामि पापं न च में निवृत्तिः । कुनापि देवेन हुदि स्थितेन यथा	जानामि धर्मं न च मे प्रवृत्ति- र्जानामि पापं न च मे I know what is dharma, yet I cannot get myself to follow it! I know what is adharma,		
नियुक्तोऽस्मि तथा करोमि ॥	yet I cannot retire from it! O Lord of the senses! You dwelt in my heart and I will do as you impel me to do. (Dhuryodana in Mahabharatha)		
उत्तमो ब्रह्मसद्भावो ध्यानभावास्तु मध्यम:। जप स्तोत्र: अधमो भाव: बाह्य पुजा अधमाधम:	Best is to have union with Brahman. Meditation is the mediocre state. Japa and chanting of hymns is inferior. External worship is the lowest.		
यम नियमाअसन प्राणायाम प्रत्याहार धारणा ध्यान समाधयोऽष्टावङ्गानि ॥	The limbs of the eight-fold path are respect for others (yama) and yourself (niyama); harmony with your body (asana), your energy (pranayama), your thoughts (dharana), and your emotions (pratyahara); contemplation (dhyana); ecstasy (samadhi).		
	ा। दातासमः सत्यपरः क्षमावान, आप्तोपसेवी च भवत्य रोगः।। na lifestyle, ests wholesome food, is deliberate in all bis se	ations not involved in the	
A person who practices regularly a wholesome lifestyle, eats wholesome food, is deliberate in all his actions, not involved in the objects of the mind (i.e, over indulgence in sense pleasures), who is generous, just and truthful, forgiving in nature, who is			
service-minded and helpful to one's own kin – will remain unaffected by disease.			
The ten yamas listed by Śāṇḍilya Upanishad and Svātmārāma: अहिंसा (nonviolence), सत्य (truthfulness), अस्तेय (not stealing), ब्रह्मचर्य (chastity, marital fidelity or sexual restraint), अपरिग्रह (non-avarice, non-possessiveness), क्षमा (patience and forgiveness), धृति (fortitude (courage in pain or adversity)), दया (compassion), आर्जव (non-hypocrisy, sincerity) and मिताहार (measured diet).			
	hts, words & deed)), संतोष (contentment), तपः (self-discipl		
scriptures)), ईश्वरप्रणिधान (accepting your fate/ self-surrender), दान (sharing with others), ही (remorse and acceptance of one's past mistakes, modesty, humility), जप (reciting prayers/mantras), व्रत (Fulfilling religious vows/ observances faithfully) and मिति (think			
and reflect to understand, reconcile conflict		es faithfully) and Hiti (think	
स तु दीर्घकाल नैरन्तर्य सत्कारा अदरा असेवितो दृढभूमिः ॥	Practice becomes firmly grounded when well attended to for a long time, without break and in all earnestness.	You suffer more in imagination than in reality.	
चित्तस्य शुद्धये कर्म न तु वस्तूपलब्धये । वस्तुसिद्धिर्विचारेण न किंचित्कर्मकोटिभिः ॥	Work leads to purification of the mind, not to perception of Truth is brought about by discrimination and not in the least	st by ten million of acts.	
	vering one's true self is like trying to cover the world with es and thorns. It is much simpler to wear shoes." — Ramar		
The mind is the cause of bondage as well as	freedom. Strive to know the truth of the self as distinct fro	om the mind.	
	Of what use is learning or study of scriptures, if one is still in fear of death, separation from friends, relatives and possessions.		
सत्यं ब्रूयात् प्रियं ब्रूयात् न ब्रूयात् सत्यम् अप्रियम् । प्रियं च नानृतम् ब्रूयात् एष धर्मः सनातनः ॥	Speak truth in such a way that it should be pleasing to others. Never speak truth, which is unpleasant to others. Never speak untruth, which might be pleasant. This is the path of eternal morality, sanatana dharma.		
कर्मण्येवाधिकारस्ते मा फलेषु कदाचन। मा कर्मफलहेतुर्भूमा ते संगोऽस्त्वकर्मणि ॥	1) You have a right to work only 2) but have no right to the fruits thereof 3) let not the fruits be the motive of doing karmas 4) let yourself not be attached to inaction.		
श्लोकार्धन प्रवक्ष्यामि यदुक्तं ग्रन्थकोटिभिः।	What is stated by cores of volumes, I shall present by half a stanza - 'doing good to		
परोपकारः पुण्याय पापाय परपीडनम् ॥ मूर्खस्य पंच चिह्नानि गर्वो दुर्वचनं तथा	others is for merit and causing pain to others is for sin.' Five characteristics of a fool are haughtiness, wicked statements, anger (for nothing),		
क्रोधश्च दृढवादश्च परवाक्येष्वनादर: ॥	strong arguments (without support) & lack of respect/tolerance to others' opinion.		
सन्तोषः परमो लाभः सत्सङ्गः परमा गतिः । विचारः परमं ज्ञानं शमो हि परमं सुखम् ॥	Contentment is the highest gain, good company the highest course, enquiry the highest wisdom, and peace	Freedom is the ability to break out of compulsions,	
	the highest enjoyment.	both internal and external.	
उद्यमेनैव सिध्यन्ति कार्याणि न मनोरथै: । न हि सुप्तस्य सिंहस्य प्रविशन्ति मुखे मृगा: ॥	Things are achieved by doing and not by desiring alone; deers by themselves don't go into a lion's	Do everything with utmost dedication with least	
	mouth.	seriousness.	
गते शोको न कर्तव्यो भविष्यं नैव चिंतयेत्।	One should not regret the past. One should not worry	Pain is compulsory;	
वर्तमानेन कालेन वर्तयंति विचक्षणाः॥ रत्नैर्महाब्धेस्ततषनं देवा न भोजिरे भीमविषेण भीतिम।	about the future. Wise men act by the present time. सुधां विना न प्रययुर्विरामं न निश्चिताथीद्विरमन्ति धीराः While churn	suffering is optional.	
Gods were not pleased with gems secured from ocean. Nor did they entertain fear when they secured the terrible poison. They churned the ocean until they got nectar. Thus persons with determination do not swerve from their goal.			
Definition of progress from Vendanta Kesari: In the world inside, it means to harmoniously develop and attain perfection in our			
faculties of thought, discrimination and emotions. It is to cultivate an independent thinking, a brazen intellect and a heart that can feel for every living being. It also means to be aware and to function from a deeper or higher level of consciousness. In the world outside, it is progressive development towards excellence in action and harmony in relationships.			
The development of humanity is a journey of breaking free. All spiritual progress is breaking free from psychological defects like			
anger, jealousy, greed, arrogance, fear, sorrow, attachment (hoarding), laziness, hostility, pleasureetc. The obstacles to attain vidhya are misapprehensions, confused values, excessive attachment, unreasonable dislikes and insecurity.			
Whatever your goal in life, unless you develop a great urgency, what could be near will always be far away.			
"Whatever is destined not to happen will not happen, try as you may. Whatever is destined to happen will happen, do what you may to prevent it. This is certain. The best course, therefore, is to remain silent." — Ramana Maharshi			
"Eventually, all that one has learnt will have to be forgotten." — Ramana Maharshi			